

FALL 2013

INSTRUCTOR: JERZY CIECHAŃSKI

CLASS: MONDAY, 4:45-6:15 P.M.

CLASSROOM: 67 NOWY ŚWIAT., RM. 4

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GRADUATE PROGRAM IN IR INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS THEORY

Hans Morgenthau, one of the greatest international relations theorists, thought about IR theories in terms of the distinction between a photograph and a painting. Photographs relay the world in all its details. Paintings render the artist's insight about it. In order to begin to understand the complex and perplexing reality of international relations, simplification is necessary. Thus, each theory looks at international relations from its own perspective of what is relevant. This course will investigate some of those diverse theoretical efforts, as they evolved since 1945.

The class will be conducted in seminar fashion with substantial emphasis on class participation and discussion. Students are expected to read assignments prior to class sessions. Specific individuals will be asked to lead discussions on particular readings.

COURSE REQUIREMENTS:

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| (1) One review of assigned text..... | 15% |
| (2) Presentation of the reviewed text in class..... | 5% |
| (3) Class participation..... | 10% |
| (4) Final exam..... | 70% |

Each student will prepare a typewritten review of the text selected jointly by the student and the instructor. The review will run about 6-7 pages, double-spaced, 12 point font, Times New Roman, with quotations referenced to sources and views (if not own) attributed, and will consist of a presentation and critical analysis of the material. The review is due on the date of its presentation in class; it should be submitted in both hard (i.e., paper) and electronic versions.

GRADING SCALES:

5	-	90%-100%
4+	-	86%-89%
4	-	80%-85%
3+	-	76%-79%
3	-	65%-75%
2	-	0%-64%

2 = failing grade, 3 = passable, 4 = good, 5 = very good.

Each student starts the course with 0%.

TEXTS:

- (1) Kenneth N. Waltz, *Man, the State, and War* (New York: Columbia University Press, 1959)
- (2) Kenneth N. Waltz, *Theory of International Politics* (New York: Random House, 1979);
- (3) Robert O. Keohane, *After Hegemony* (Princeton: Princeton University Press, 1984);
- (4) Robert O. Keohane, Joseph S. Nye, *Power and Interdependence* (Glenview: Scott, Foresman, 1989).

TENTATIVE COURSE OUTLINE (SPECIFIC ITEMS WILL BE ASSIGNED FOR EACH CLASS MEETING):

1. PRESENTATION OF COURSE REQUIREMENTS & OUTLINE

2. THEORY OR THEORIES OF IR?

- (1) Hoffmann, Stanley „An American Social Science”, in: *Janus and Minerva*, p. 3-24;
- (2) Waltz, Kenneth N., *Theory of International Politics*, p. 1-17;
- (3) Singer, David J., „The Level-of-Analysis Problem in International Relations”, in: Knorr and Verba, *The International System: Theoretical Essays*, p. 77-92;
- (4) Yalem, Ronald J. „The Level-of-Analysis Problem Reconsidered”, *The Year Book of World Affairs: 1977*, p. 306-326.

3. ACTORS IN IR

- (1) Claude, Inis L., Jr., „Myths About the State”, *Review of International Studies* 12 (1986), p. 1-11;
- (2) Wolfers, Arnold „The Actors in International Politics”, in Fox (eds.) *Theoretical Aspects in International Politics*, p. 83-106;
- (3) Young, Oran R. in Rosenau, Davies and East (eds.), *The Analysis of International Politics*, p. 125-144);
- (4) Haas, Peter M., „Do Regimes Matter? Epistemic Communities and Mediterranean Pollution Control”, *International Organization* 43, no 3 (Summer 1989), p. 377-403.

4. POLITICAL REALISM: RESPONSIBILITY FOR PEACE OR CYNICAL JUSTIFICATION OF WAR? (REALISM REJECTS IDEALISM)

- (1) Carr, E. H. „Realism and Idealism” in: Betts, ed., *Conflict After the Cold War*, p. 72-87;
- (2) Morgenthau, Hans J., *Scientific Man Vs. Power Politics*;
- (3) Morgenthau, Hans J. *Politics Among Nations: The Struggle for Power and Peace*, p. 1-39;
- (4) Hoffmann, Stanley „International Relations: The Long Road to Theory,” *World Politics* 11 (April 1959), p. 346-354 [critique of political realism].

5. THE SOURCES OF WAR IN IR: HUMAN NATURE, NATURE OF THE STATE OR OF THE INTERNATIONAL SYSTEM?

Waltz, Kenneth N., *Man, the State, and War* (New York: Columbia University Press, 1959)

6. POWER IN IR: IS IT AKIN TO MONEY IN ECONOMY?

- (1) Deutsch, Karl W., *The Analysis of International Relations*, p. 21-47;
- (2) Baldwin, David A., *Paradoxes of Power*, p. 1-9, 129-168;

- (3) Claude, Inis L., Jr., *Power and International Relations*, p. 3-94.
- (4) Nye, Joseph S. on the concept of „soft power”

7. TRADITIONALISM VS. BEHAVIORISM IN IR: IS INTERNATIONAL POLITICS AN ART OR QUANTIFIABLE HUMAN ACTIVITY SUBJECT TO RIGOROUS SCIENTIFIC INVESTIGATION?

- (1) Bull, Hedley, „International Theory: The Case for a Classical Approach,” *World Politics* 18 (April 1966), p. 361-377;
- (2) Hoffmann, Stanley H., „International Relations: The Long Road to Theory,” *World Politics* 11 (April 1959), p. 355-377 [critique of behaviorism];
- (3) Holzgrefe, „The Origin of Modern International Relations Theory,” *Review of International Studies* 15, no 1 (January 1989);
- (4) Kaplan, Morton A., „The New Great Debate: Traditionalism vs. Science in International Relations,” *World Politics* 19 (October 1966), p. 1-20;
- (5) Pettman, Ralph „Competing Paradigms in International Politics,” *Review of International Studies* 7, no 1 (January 1981), p. 39-49.

8. INTEGRATION IN IR: IS IT A PRACTICAL RECIPE FOR PERPETUAL PEACE?

- (1) Haas, Ernst B., *Beyond the Nation-State: Functionalism and International Organization* (Stanford: Stanford University Press, 1968), p. 3-25;
- (2) Deutsch, Karl D., *Political Community in the North Atlantic Area* (Princeton: Princeton University Press, 1957), 3-115;
- (3) Nye, Joseph S., *Peace in Parts: Integration and Conflict in Regional Organization* (Boston: Little, Brown, 1971), 55-107.

9. NEOREALISM: THE POWER STRUCTURE OF THE INTERNATIONAL SYSTEM OR A MORE „SCIENTIFIC” REALISM?

- (1) Waltz, Kenneth W., *Theory of International Politics*, chapters 2, 3, 5, 6, 9;
- (2) Gilpin, Robert, *War and Change in World Politics* (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1981), excerpts.
- (3) Keohane, Robert O., „Theory of World Politics: Structural Realism and Beyond,” in: Robert O. Keohane (red.), *Neorealism and Its Critics* (New York: Columbia University Press, 1986), p. 158-203;
- (4) Ashley, David, „The Poverty of Neorealism” in: Robert O. Keohane (red.), *Neorealism and Its Critics* (New York: Columbia University Press, 1986), p. 255-300;
- (5) Gilpin, Robert, „The Richness of the Tradition of Political Realism,” in: Robert O. Keohane (red.), *Neorealism and Its Critics* (New York: Columbia University Press, 1986), p. 301-321;
- (6) John J. Mearsheimer, *The Tragedy of Great Power Politics* (New York: W. W. Norton & Co., 2011), chapters 2 & 3.

10. THE „WORLD SYSTEM”: THE ECONOMIC STRUCTURE OF THE INTERNATIONAL SYSTEM

- (1) Wallerstein, Immanuel, *The Capitalist World Economy* (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1979), p. 1-36, 66-94;
- (2) Galtung, Johan, „A Structural Theory of Imperialism,” *Journal of Peace Research* 8, no 2 (1971), p. 81-117;
- (3) Boulding, Kenneth E., „Twelve Friendly Quarrels with Johan Galtung,” *Journal of Peace Research* 14, no 1 (1977), p. 75-86;

- (4) Shannon, Thomas R., *An Introduction to the World System Perspective*, (Boulder: Westview Press, 1989), p. 137-169.

11. NEOLIBERALISM: INTERNATIONAL REGIMES OR REALISTIC IDEALISM?

- (1) Krasner, „Structural Causes and Regime Consequences: Regimes as Intervening Variables,” in: Stephen D. Krasner (eds.), *International Regimes* (Ithaca: Cornell University Press, 1983), p. 1-21;
- (2) Krasner, „Regimes and the Limits of Realism: Regimes as Autonomous Variables,” in: Stephen D. Krasner (eds.), *International Regimes* (Ithaca: Cornell University Press, 1983), p. 355-368;
- (3) Keohane, Robert O., *After Hegemony: Cooperation and Discord in World Political Economy* (Princeton: Princeton University Press, 1984), p. 49-84, 85-132;
- (4) Keohane, Robert O., Joseph S. Nye, Jr., *Power and Interdependence* 2 ed. (Glenview: Scott, Foresman, 1989), p. 3-37, 38-60, 345-267;
- (5) Strange, Susan, „Cave! Hic dragones: A Critique of Regime Analysis,” in: Stephen D. Krasner (eds.), *International Regimes* (Ithaca: Cornell University Press, 1983), p. 337-354.

12. NEOREALISM VS. NEOLIBERALISM

- (1) Baldwin, David A., „Neoliberalism, Neorealism, and World Politics,” in: David A. Baldwin (eds.), *Neorealism and Neoliberalism: The Contemporary Debate* (New York: Columbia University Press, 1993), p. 3-25;
- (2) Keohane, Robert O., „Institutional Theory and the Realist Challenge After the Cold War,” in: David A. Baldwin (eds.), *Neorealism and Neoliberalism: The Contemporary Debate* (New York: Columbia University Press, 1993), p. 268-300;
- (3) Grieco, Joseph M., „Understanding the Problem of International Cooperation: The Limits of Neoliberal Institutionalism and the Future of Realist Theory,” in: David A. Baldwin (eds.), *Neorealism and Neoliberalism: The Contemporary Debate* (New York: Columbia University Press, 1993), p. 301-338.

13. GLOBALIZATION IN IR THEORY

- (1) Keohane, Robert O., Joseph S. Nye, Jr., „Globalization: What’s New? What’s Not? (And So What?),” *Foreign Policy* (Spring 2000), p. 104-118;
- (2) Keohane, Robert O., Joseph S. Nye, Jr., „Introduction,” in: Joseph S. Nye, Jr., John D. Donahue (eds.), *Governance in a Globalizing World* (Washington, D.C.: Brookings Institution Press, 2000);
- (3) “Measuring Globalization: Who’s Up, Who’s Down?” *Foreign Policy* (January/February 2003), p. 60-72.

14. CONSTRUCTIVISM: OR A CHALLENGE TO NEOREALISM AND NEOLIBERALISM?

- (1) Alexander Wendt, *Social Theory of International Politics* (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2009), chapters: 1, 2, 3;
- (2) Stefano Guzzini, Anna Leander (eds.), *Constructivism and International Relations: Alexander Wendt and His Critics* (London: Routledge, 2006), chapters 1, 2, 10.